IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

PICTURE PATENTS, LLC,

Plaintiff,

v.

AEROPOSTALE, INC., DICK'S SPORTING GOODS, INC., CHARLOTTE RUSSE, INC., GSI COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC., GSI COMMERCE, INC., FOGDOG, INC., NATIONAL BASKETBALL ASSOCIATION, NBA PROPERTIES, INC., NBA MEDIA VENTURES, LLC, MAJOR LEAGUE BASEBALL PROPERTIES, INC., MLB ADVANCED MEDIA, L.P., LINENS 'N THINGS, INC., TWEETER NEWCO, LLC, TWEETER OPCO, LLC, BUY.COM, INC.

Defendants.

Case No. 07cv5567 (JGK) (HBP)

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

ECF CASE

DEFENDANTS GSI COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.'S AND GSI COMMERCE, INC.'S ANSWER AND DEFENDANT GSI COMMERCE SOLUTIONS, INC.'S COUNTERCLAIMS TO PLAINTIFF'S THIRD AMENDED COMPLAINT

Defendants GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. and GSI Commerce, Inc. (collectively, "the GSI Defendants") hereby set forth their Answer, and Defendant GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. sets forth its Counterclaims to the Third Amended Complaint of plaintiff Picture Patents, LLC ("Picture Patents") filed on April 8, 2008 ("Third Amended Complaint").

THE GSI DEFENDANTS' ANSWER

Responding to the individually enumerated paragraphs of the Third Amended Complaint, the GSI Defendants state as follows:

The Parties, Jurisdiction and Venue

- 1. The GSI Defendants admit that Picture Patents pled in paragraph 1 of the Third Amended Complaint that Picture Patents, LLC is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having a principal place of business at 325 Riverside Drive, New York, NY 10025, is a registered foreign limited liability company in the State of New York, and is doing business in this State and District.
- 2. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 2 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 3. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 3 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 4. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 4 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 5. The GSI Defendants admit the allegations of paragraph 5 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 6. The GSI Defendants admit that GSI Commerce, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having a principal place of business located

at 935 First Avenue, King of Prussia, PA 19406. The GSI Defendants deny the remaining allegations in paragraph 6 of the Third Amended Complaint.

- 7. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations recited in paragraph 7 of the Third Amended Complaint, because Fogdog, Inc. no longer exists. FogDog, Inc. was acquired by an affiliate of GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. and subsequently merged into GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc.
- 8. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 8 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 9. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 9 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 10. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 10 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 11. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 11 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 12. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 12 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.

13. The GSI Defendants admit that the Third Amended Complaint purports to bring an action for patent infringement under the patent laws of the United States, including 35 U.S.C. §§271, 281 and 283-85, et. seq., but deny the viability of those claims.

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- 14. The GSI Defendants admit that this court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to at least 28 U.S.C. §§1331 and 1338(a).
- 15. GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. admits that it is subject to personal jurisdiction in this district. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 15 of the Third Amended Complaint directed at FogDog, Inc. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 15 of the Third Amended Complaint directed at the other defendants, and on that basis deny them. The GSI Defendants deny the remaining allegations in paragraph 15 of the Third Amended Complaint.
 - 16. The GSI Defendants admit that venue is proper in this judicial district.

Picture Patents' Claims for Patent Infringement

- 17. The GSI Defendants admit that U.S. Patent No. 6,278,455 ("the '455 patent") is entitled "Pictorial Interface for Accessing Information in an Electronic File System" and on its face lists August 21, 2001 as the issue date, but deny that the patent duly and legally issued. The GSI Defendants admit that what purports to be a copy of the '455 patent is attached to the Third Amended Complaint as Exhibit "A." The GSI Defendants deny the remaining allegations in paragraph 17 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 18. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 18 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.

- 19. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 19 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 20. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 20 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 21. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 21 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 22. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 22 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 23. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 23 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 24. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 24 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 25. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations in paragraph 25 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 26. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 26 of the Third Amended Complaint.

- 27. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 27 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 28. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 28 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 29. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 29 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 30. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 30 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 31. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations in paragraph 31 of the Third Amended Complaint.
- 32. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 32 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 33. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 33 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 34. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 34 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 35. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 35 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.

- 36. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 36 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 37. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 37 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 38. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 38 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 39. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 39 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 40. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 40 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 41. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 41 of the Third Amended Complaint, and on that basis deny them.
- 42. The GSI Defendants deny the allegations of paragraph 42 as it relates to the GSI Defendants and FogDog, Inc. The GSI Defendants lack sufficient information to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations recited in paragraph 42 directed at other defendants, and on that basis deny all allegations of paragraph 42.

Picture Patents' Jury Demand

43. The GSI Defendants admit that Plaintiff requested a trial by jury pursuant to Rule 38 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The GSI Defendants demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Picture Patents' Prayer for Relief

The GSI Defendants deny that Plaintiff is entitled to any of the relief requested 44. against the GSI Defendants in its Prayer for relief.

General Denial

Except as specifically admitted, the GSI Defendants deny each and every allegation contained in Paragraphs 1-44 of the Third Amended Complaint.

AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(c), the GSI Defendants assert the following affirmative defenses to Plaintiff's Third Amended Complaint:

First Affirmative Defense: Non-Infringement

45. The GSI Defendants have not infringed and do not infringe any valid and enforceable claim of the '455 patent, either directly, by inducement or by contribution.

Second Affirmative Defense: Invalidity

46. The claims of the '455 patent are invalid for failure to satisfy one or more of the conditions of patentability set forth in 35 U.S.C. § 1 et seq., including, but not limited to, 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and/or 112.

Third Affirmative Defense: Inequitable Conduct

Upon information and belief, the '455 patent is unenforceable due to inequitable 47. conduct by the named inventor, Michelle Baker, and/or her attorneys and appointed representatives before the United States Patent and Trademark Office (the "PTO") as part of the prosecution of related U.S. Patent No. 6,002,401 ("the '401 patent"). Upon information and belief, Ms. Baker and her representative violated the duty of candor with the intent to deceive the PTO, as described with particularity below.

Declarations Submitted under 37 CFR §1.131

- 48. Upon information and belief, as explained in detail below, Ms. Baker and her representative submitted false and misleading Rule 131 declarations with intent to deceive the PTO to obtain a U.S. patent. Ms. Baker submitted a false and misleading Rule 131 declaration during the prosecution of the '401 patent to avoid U.S. Patent No. 5,682,469 to Linnett, which was material to patentability as prior art.
- 49. Ms. Baker's declaration alleged a date of conception prior to 1993 and due diligence from about October 18, 1993 until the effective filing date of September 30, 1994 to eliminate as prior art the Linnett reference, which was material to patentability. The declaration did not set forth sufficient facts to support such a declaration, as required under 37 CFR § 1.131(b). In particular, Ms. Baker and her representative provided no corroborating evidence, such as sketches, blueprints, photographs, reproductions of notebook entries, models, supporting statements by disinterested witnesses, testimony given in an interference, disclosure documents, or other records, and no explanation for their absence. *See* 37 C.F.R. § 1.131(b) ("Original exhibits of drawings or records, or photocopies thereof, must accompany and form part of the affidavit or declaration or their absence must be satisfactorily explained."); *see also* the Manual of Patent Examining Procedure § 715.07 (8th ed. 6th rev. 2007) (listing exemplary documents for complying with the showing of facts required under 37 C.F.R. § 1.131(b)). The declaration

also did not provide any factual support showing what aspects of the invention were conceived by October 18, 1993.

- 50. For the time period from October 1993 to June 1994, Ms. Baker asserted diligence without providing any factual support for the alleged diligence or an explanation for the lack of support. From June 1994 until the effective filing date, Ms. Baker provided insufficient support for her claim of diligence. Ms. Baker's representative provided a similar Rule 131 declaration, also lacking the showing of facts required under 37 CFR § 1.131(b). Upon information and belief, Ms. Baker and her representative do not have evidence of diligence and/or withheld such evidence when they had a duty to disclose it, and Ms. Baker's and her representative's express representations of diligence were both false and misleading to the PTO.
- 51. The prosecution of the '401 patent was materially affected by the sworn representations of diligence starting from October 1993. Based on the Rule 131 declarations, Ms. Baker and her representative eliminated the Linnett reference.
- 52. Ms. Baker and her representative intentionally misled the PTO into issuing claims of a scope beyond which Ms. Baker was entitled, thereby conducting inequitable conduct and rendering the '401 patent invalid. The inequitable conduct committed with respect to the '401 patent taints the related '455 patent, which is a continuation of the '401 patent, rendering the '455 patent unenforceable as well.

Fourth Affirmative Defense: Legal Remedy Appropriate

53. Picture Patents is not entitled to injunctive relief because any alleged injury to Picture Patents is not immediate or irreparable, and Picture Patents has an adequate remedy at law.

Fifth Affirmative Defense: Notice/Marking

54. Picture Patents is precluded by 35 U.S.C. §287 from seeking damages for any alleged infringement prior to providing actual notice of the '455 patent to the GSI Defendants.

Sixth Affirmative Defense: Failure to Mitigate Damages

55. Picture Patents failed to mitigate its damages.

Seventh Affirmative Defense: Laches

Picture Patents' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by the equitable doctrine of 56. laches.

Eighth Affirmative Defense: Statute of Limitations

57. Picture Patents' claims are barred, in whole or in part, under 35 U.S.C. §286.

Ninth Affirmative Defense: Prosecution History Estoppel

58. By reason of the proceedings in the PTO during the prosecution of the applications that resulted in the issuance of the '455 patent, Picture Patents is estopped from claiming infringement by the GSI Defendants of one or more claims of the '455 patent.

Tenth Affirmative Defense: Prosecution Laches

59. The '455 patent is unenforceable under the doctrine of prosecution laches due to the unreasonable and unexcused delay in prosecution.

Reservation of Rights

The GSI Defendants reserve the right to add any additional defenses or counterclaims that discovery may reveal.

Request for Relief

The GSI Defendants respectfully request that the Court enter judgment in their favor and against Picture Patents on all of Picture Patents' claims; that the Court find this case exceptional and award the GSI Defendants their costs and attorneys' fees pursuant to 35 U.S.C. §285; and that the Court award such other further relief as the Court deems appropriate.

GSI COMMERCE SOLUTIONS' COUNTERCLAIMS

Counterclaim plaintiff GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. ("GSI Commerce Solutions") alleges the following counterclaims against Counterdefendant Picture Patents, LLC ("Picture Patents"):

Nature and Basis of Action

1. This is an action arising under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§2201 and 2202, and the United States Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. §1 et seq. GSI Commerce Solutions requests declarations that: (i) it does not infringe any valid, enforceable claim of U.S. Patent No. 6,278,455 ("the '455 patent"); (ii) the '455 patent is invalid; and (iii) the '455 patent is unenforceable.

The Parties, Jurisdiction and Venue

- 2. GSI Commerce Solutions, Inc. is a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Pennsylvania, having a principal place of business located at 935 First Avenue, King of Prussia, PA 19406.
- 3. According to Picture Patents' Third Amended Complaint, Picture Patents is a limited liability company organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, having a principal place of business at 325 Riverside Drive, New York, NY 10025, is a registered foreign limited liability company in the State of New York, and is doing business in this State and District.
- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1331, 1338, 2201 and 2202.

- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Picture Patents by virtue of the fact that Picture Patents has submitted to the jurisdiction of this Court by filing the original Complaint, the First Amended Complaint, the Second Amended Complaint and the Third Amended Complaint.
- 6. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391 and 1400(b).

Factual Allegations Common to All Counts

- 7. Picture Patents purports to be the owner, by assignment, of all right, title and interest in the '455 patent.
- 8. Picture Patents has asserted that GSI Commerce Solutions infringes the '455 patent directly, by inducement, and/or by contribution, but GSI Commerce Solutions denies those allegations.
- 9. Upon information and belief, the claims of the '455 patent are invalid for failure to meet the requirements of the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1, *et. seq.*, including, but not limited to, 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and/or 112.
- 10. Upon information and belief, the '455 patent is also unenforceable due to the inequitable conduct committed by Michelle Baker and/or her attorneys and appointed representatives before the United States Patent and Trademark Office ("PTO") as part of the prosecution of the '455 patent and/or related patents and patent applications thereto as described in Count III of GSI Commerce Solutions' Counterclaims below.

Count I

(Declaration of Non-Infringement)

- 11. GSI Commerce Solutions realleges and incorporates the averments of Paragraphs 1 through 10, inclusive, of its Counterclaims as if set forth herein in full.
- 12. There is an actual and justiciable controversy between the parties arising under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1, et. seq., concerning GSI Commerce Solutions' non-infringement of the claims of the '455 patent.
- GSI Commerce Solutions is entitled to a judicial declaration and order that it has 13. not and does not infringe directly, by inducement or by contribution, any valid, enforceable claim of the '455 patent.

Count II

(Declaration of Invalidity)

- 14. GSI Commerce Solutions realleges and incorporates the averments of Paragraphs 1 through 10, inclusive, of its Counterclaims as if set forth herein in full.
- 15. There is an actual and justiciable controversy between the parties arising under the Patent Act, 35 U.S.C. § 1, et. seq., including, but not limited to, 35 U.S.C. §§ 102, 103 and 112, concerning the invalidity of the '455 patent.
- 16. GSI Commerce Solutions is entitled to a judicial declaration and order that the '455 patent is invalid.

Count III

(Declaration of Unenforceability)

GSI Commerce Solutions realleges and incorporates the averments of Paragraphs 17. 1 through 10, inclusive, of its Counterclaims as if set forth herein in full.

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- 18. GSI Commerce Solutions realleges and incorporates the inequitable conduct allegations found in the Third Affirmative Defense at Paragraphs 47-52 of the Answer as if set forth herein in full.
- 19. Upon information and belief, in violation of the duty of good faith and candor, Ms. Baker and her representative made the above-identified false claims in Rule 131 declarations to avoid material prior art and to deceive the PTO into issuing patent claims of a scope beyond which Ms. Baker was entitled, thereby committing inequitable conduct and rendering the '401 patent unenforceable. The inequitable conduct committed by Ms. Baker and her representative with respect to the '401 patent taints the related '455 patent, which claims priority to the '401 patent, rendering the '455 patent unenforceable.
- 20. There is an actual and justiciable controversy between the parties concerning the unenforceability of the '455 patent.
- 21. GSI Commerce Solutions is entitled to a judicial declaration and order that the '455 patent is unenforceable.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Defendant GSI Commerce Solutions respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor and against Picture Patents on all of Picture Patents' claims; that the court find this case exceptional and enter judgment in favor of GSI Commerce Solutions on the foregoing and enter a judgment granting the following relief:

- A. That the Court dismiss Picture Patents' Third Amended Complaint with prejudice;
- В. That the Court deny any injunctive relief in favor of Picture Patents and against GSI Commerce Solutions;

- C. That the Court find that Picture Patents is not entitled to any of its requested relief, or any relief whatsoever, from GSI Commerce Solutions;
- D. That the Court find that GSI Commerce Solutions has not infringed, contributed to the infringement of, or induced the infringement of any valid claims of the '455 patent, directly or indirectly, under any subsection of 35 U.S.C. §271;
- E. That the Court declare and order that the asserted claims of the '455 patent are invalid;
 - F. That the court declare and order that the '455 patent is unenforceable.
- G. That the Court find this to be an exceptional case entitling GSI Commerce Solutions to an award of attorneys fees, expenses and costs pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 285;
 - H. That all costs be taxed against Picture Patents; and
- I. That the Court award GSI Commerce Solutions such other and further relief as the Court deems just and appropriate.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

The GSI Defendants hereby demand a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

Dated: April 25, 2008 Respectfully submitted,

COOLEY GODWARD KRONISH LLP

By: /s/ Nathan K. Cummings

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Attorneys for Defendants GSI Commerce

Solutions, Inc. and GSI Commerce, Inc.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on April 25, 2008, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing document via the Court's CM/ECF System upon:

> Thomas J. Parker Alston & Bird, LLP 90 Park Avenue New York, NY 10016

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Dated: Reston, Virginia April 25, 2008

By: /s/ Nathan K. Cummings

Nathan K. Cummings (admitted *pro hac vice*)